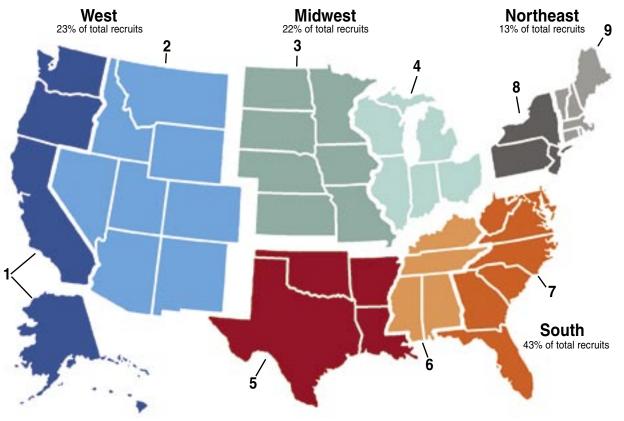
Where US Troops Come From

The South's strong tradition of military service, long recognized by scholars, pays heavy dividends for today's US armed forces. A recent Heritage Foundation study found that the South, in 2007, accounted for 43 percent of new enlistees, though it had only about 36 percent of recruit-age US men (aged 18 to 24 years). If the South was overrepresented, however, the Northeast was underrepresented; it had some 18 percent of recruit-age men, but it provided less than 13 percent of recruits. The West and Midwest fall between these two extremes.



Ratio of Enlisted Recruits To Recruit-Age Men

| 1. Pacific | 0.88 | 6. East South Central | 1.10 |
|-----------------------|------|-----------------------|------|
| 2. Mountain | 1.07 | 7. South Atlantic | 1.17 |
| 3. West North Central | 0.99 | 8. Middle Atlantic | 0.73 |
| 4. East North Central | 0.98 | 9. New England | 0.73 |
| 5. West South Central | 1.26 | | |

Ratios less than 1.0 indicate underrepresentation of recruits, and ratios more than 1.0 represent overrepresentation.

Source: "Who Serves in the US Military? The Demographics of Enlisted Troops and Officers," p. 9, Shanea J. Watkins and James Sherk, The Heritage Foundation, Aug. 21, 2008. Posted at http://www.heritage.org/Research/NationalSecurity/upload/CDA_08-05.pdf.