## The Chart Page

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## Spotlight on Recruiting

Each year, the armed forces must recruit close to 200,000 new enlisted members for active duty and another 150,000 for the Reserve and Guard. The Defense Department prizes recruits with high school diplomas. Historically, 80 percent of these recruits complete an initial three-year enlistment, while those who don't graduate fulfill their commitment only about half the time.

Throughout the 1990s, 95 percent or more of all recruits had a high school diploma at the time of enlistment, as shown. Moreover, they showed strong aptitude in math and verbal skills-well above DoD's requirement for 60 percent of recruits to score in the top half of the Armed Forces Qualification Test.

1 Armed Forces Qualification Test


Enlisted Recruit Quantity (Accessions)

| Service | FY 1996 <br> objectives | FY 1996 <br> actual | FY 1997 <br> planned | FY 1998 <br> planned |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Army | 73,400 | 73,400 | 89,700 | 84,000 |
| Navy | 48,200 | 48,200 | 56,700 | 53,800 |
| Marine Corps | 33,500 | 33,500 | 35,300 | 36,400 |
| Air Force | 30,900 | 30,900 | 30,200 | 30,400 |
| Total | 186,000 | 186,000 | 211,900 | 204,600 |

Quality of Reserve/Guard Recruits (FY 1995 non-prior

| Service | Percent high <br> school graduates | Percent above- <br> average aptitude |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Army National Guard | $82 \%$ | $56 \%$ |
| Army Reserve | $95 \%$ | $74 \%$ |
| Naval Reserve | $100 \%$ | $82 \%$ |
| Marine Corps Reserve | $98 \%$ | $78 \%$ |
| Air National Guard | $93 \%$ | $73 \%$ |
| Air Force Reserve | $94 \%$ | $77 \%$ |
| Total | $90 \%$ | $66 \%$ |

In Fiscal 1996, each service met its numerical goal, as shown. Yet the services face the challenge of higher goals, without a major increase in recruitment resources. From 1995 through 1997, recruiting funding stayed more or less flat while the work load grew by 20 percent.

